# The Quatrains of Páli

## Original Urdu

WITH

A Literal English Translation

BY

G. E. WARD, M.A.

AND

A Rendering into English Verse

 $\mathbf{BY}$ 

C. S. Tute

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—A rendering into English Verse')

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The literal Translation into English was first published by the late G E Ward, Esq. M A of the Bengal Civil Service in 1904. It has been revised by His Exalted Highness The Nizam's Educational Department, expressly for this book, in 1932.

### PREFACE

The intense interest that the political renaissance of India has focussed on all things Indian would appear to make the present time opportune for giving the public a translation and verse rendering of one of the best known of the Mohammedan poets of modern India. Háli was a very prolific writer, his Quatrains forming less than one tithe of his writings; but his Quatrains,—though probably not so well-known among his co-religionists as some of his other poems—from their wide range of subjects, convey a fair impression of his general outlook.

The nom-de-plume Háli thinly concealed the personality of Maulvi Khawaja Altaf Hussain Ansari of Panipat (Panipati) in the Punjab. He almost certainly adopted this nom-de-plume in its sense of 'Genuine-Real', and there would be few who would not acknowledge that he and his writings justified the choice.

Háli was born at Panipat in 1837. Having lost his father at an early age, he was brought up by an elder brother, for whom he cherished the greatest affection, and to whose memory he dedicated a poignantly beautiful short poem. In his youth he fortunately became associated with the late Nawab Mohammad Mustafa Khan, Shaifta Rais of Jahangirabad, whose personal character and intense idealism exercised a great influence on Háli's mind. He has acknowledged the great benefit he derived from this long association, especially in the choosing and maturing of his style which has made such a definite mark on modern Indian poetry. But much of his development as a poet, reformer, and man of the world was due to his contact with the famous Mohammedan poet Ghalib (mentioned in Quatrain 60) to whom he was introduced by Mohammad Mustafa Khan.

Háli entered Government service in the Educational Department of his own province and had a successful career, retiring as an assistant Translator. In this post he was employed in correcting Urdu Text Books and Translations.

The official side of his life was however merely the frame within which Hali's real career as a poet and social reformer developed

About the age of 40 Hdls came under the suftuence of the great Mohammedan reformer Sir Sasyad Ahmad Khan Bahadur, and from that time onweard he devoted his poetical gifts to the cause of reform and the service of his co religionists in India He however found time for a considerable volume of critical literature in prove, a life of the Persian poet Sads, a life of his master Ghalib, a two tolume life of Sir Sasyad Ahmad Khan, and an excellent treatise on poetry and poette stude

Maulana Hols, although he wrote for the most part in Urdu, wielded an equally facile pen in both Persian and Arabic, in which languages his prose and poetry were admired by all the most competent judges

It may not be out of place to mention two dominant features in Maulana Háli's character self eacrifice for the good of others, and disregard of his own tenderable his works have always been in great demand and might have brought him a considerable income, but true to his nature he never placed any restriction on their publication

He died at Panipat on the 31st December, 1914, but his writings are still green in the hearts of his Mohammedan countrymen

The English verse form has been arrived at after a careful analysis of the scansion of the Urdu of Hali and with a view to maintaining an even rhythm throughout Persian and Urdu poetry allows considerable licenses in the framing of Quatrans, provided the scheme of each Quatrans is symmetrical and it is only natural that Hali should have taken full advantage of this fact in the construction of Quatrans written at different times and on different themes. These

changes of rhythm, however, tend to clash when the Quatrains are collected into one book in consecutive order. It was felt that an even rhythmic smoothness in the English verse rendering would have a more pleasing effect, and an effort has been made in the rhythm selected to produce, as far as is possible in English, the average rhythm of the Urdu original.

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Gratitude is due to Khawaja Sajjad Hussain, the heir of Háli, for generously, and in keeping with the traditions of his family, allowing the free use of his father's Quatrains. Similar acknowledgments are also due to the executor of the late G. E. Ward, M.A. for permission to use his scholarly literal translation of the Urdu original.

I also wish to express my deep appreciation of the great help and encouragement given by the Educational Department of His Exalted Highness The Nizam's Government and Sir Akbar Hydari. Mr. Fazl Mahammad Khan, the Director of Public Instruction of His Exalted Highness's Government, has personally interested himself in this book and has most generously arranged for the revision of Mr. Ward's translation by eminent scholars of the State.

C. S. TUTE

رباعیات حالی سم الله الرحس الرحم ا توحد

کاملائے ہے۔ راک جکے میں اٹسکا تیے۔ را حلقہ ہے ہے۔ راک گوش میں لٹکا تیے۔ را مانا مہیں حس نے تحکور حانا ہے صہررر بیٹنے ہوئے دل میں مبی ہے کیٹکا تیے۔ را

#### THE UNITY

There is a thorn in every breast stuck fast, telling of Thee, There is a staple ring hung in every ear, telling of Thee, He, who has not confessed Thee, has known Thee perforce; Yes, even in a heart lost, there is alarm telling of Thee.

r ہدستور کے مدسم میں خلوۃ پایا بیسرا انسش پہ محساں نے راگ گایا تیسرا دھری نے کیا دھر سے بعیسر تجھیے اسکار کسی سے سی بہ آبسا تیسرا

The Hindu in his idel has discovered Thy glory,
Parsis over their fire have chanted Thy music
The Materialist from his universe has postulated Thee;
Denial of Thee by any being has not been found possible

# THE QUATRAINS OF HALI

In the name of God, the Compassionate, the Merciful.

7

Sharp is the Spur of Conscience—Reminder of Thy Will; What but Thy Curb prevents us when we abstain from ill; Protesting or Denying—all necks bend 'neath Thy Yoke; No Soul is so benighted but dreads Thy Anger still.

### II

The Hindu in his idols doth glorify Thy Name;
The Parsi hears Thy Music sing in the Sacred Flame;
Yea, e'en the unbeliever MUST grant some Primal Cause;
Lo! God, Jehovah, Buddha, are Allah—and the same.

٢

### توحد

طوبان میسی هے حب حہار چکر کھاتا حب قابلہ وادی میسی هے سر گئراتا اسباب کا آسارا ہے حب آٹھہ حاتا وان تیسرے سوا کوئی نہیسی یادہ آتا

### THE UNITY

In the whirlwind, when the ship is being tossed round and round,—
When the caravan in the sand drift is frantic with agony,—
When hope in all earthly means vanishes away,—
There, excepting Thee none else is remembered

г

حب الله هاں گاپیر بنری فدرت کے طہرر منکسر بھی پکار اوٹیتے ہیں تعبہ کو متعبرر حفاش کو ظلمت کی به سرحهی کوئی رالا حورشیدکا شش حہت میں پییالا حب برر

When there encompass him on all sides the signs of Thy power, Even the Athest cries aloud to Thee, under compulsion To the bat no highway to darkness was visible When the sun's light blazed forth in every direction

### 777

When faced with stark disaster by peril of the sea— Or lost in trackless deserts and crazed with agony— The Human Soul, affrighted, bereft of human aid, Will ever seek Thy succour in its extremity.

### IV

The rising Sun in splendour, scatters in panic flight
The furtive darkness-homeing winged creatures of the night;
E'en so Thy works of Power confound the Infidel
Enforcing slow acceptance on his reluctant sight.

ں توحید

جب مايوسي دلوں په چها جاتي هج

دشمسی سے بھی نام تیسوا جیوائی ہے ممکی ہے کہ سکیہ میں بھول جائیں اطفسال لیکن آنہی، دکیہ میں ماں ہی یاد آتی ہے

#### THE UNITY

When despair falls thick upon the hearts of mankind, It forces Thy name upon the lips even of foes.

It is possible that infants in their joy forget their mother, But, when they are in pain, she is first in their thoughts.

4

مٹی ہے ۔ ہوا ہے ۔ آئش و آپ سے یاں کیا کیا نہ ہوئے نشــر پہ اسوار عیـــال پر- ٹیرے خرائے ہیـــی ارال سے اب تک گنجینۂ عیـــت میں آسی طرح نہــال

From earth and air and fire and water, in this world Innumerable secrets have become revealed to man.

But not less are Thy treasures, from eternity till now, Hidden, as before, within the safe of the unseen. V

A healthy child when playing may well forgetful be, Yet, hurt, seeks with its Mother instinctive sanctuary, So when mankind is helpless, and prey to dark despair, The blackest Unbeliever turns once again to Thee.

### VI

Lo! Earth, Air, Fire, and Water their secrets still unfold As through the Questing Ages the Quest for Truth hath rolled, Though rich the harvest garnered, e'en more remains to reap, Much as the Past has yielded more doth the Future hold.

#### توحين

ھستی سے ہے تیری رنگ ر ہوست کے لئے طاعب میں ہے تیری - آبو سب کے لئے ھیسی تیسرے سوا سارے سہارے کمرور سب اپ لئے ھیں، اور تو سب کے لئے

#### THE UNITY

From Thy being is the glow and scent of life—for the good of all, In submission to Thee is self respect—for the good of all, Excepting Thee alone, all supports are feeble,

All are for their own sake-and Thou for the good of all

٨

کیا ہوگی دلیل تحبہ پہ اور اس سے رہاں
دمیا میں نہمی ہے انک دل جو کہ ہو شاد
پر، حــوکہ ہس تحبہ سے لو لگائے بیٹے
رہن حــوکہ ہس تحبہ سے لو لگائے بیٹے

What other proof shall be of Thee more absolute than this?

In the world is not a soul who would be naturally joyful

Yet these, who are waiting with their hearts fixed on Thee,

Yet these, who are waiting with their hearts fixed on Thee, Stay on by every pain and every grief untrammelled.

### IX

You came and merged the Righteous in His Sublimity; You filled the hearts of Lovers with mystic ecstasy; You gave mankind to worship one Undivided Truth; You came, and all acknowledged His flawless Unity.

### $\boldsymbol{X}$

Arabia, the barren, through You became renowned
And its unlettered peoples were o'er the nations crowned.
Rūm to Islám did harken and joined with Tartary,
And countless scattered peoples a common refuge found.

#### نعت

طعما کو هــوا تيري ولادت سه شــرف پشــرف کو ملا تيــري اقامت سه شــرف اولاد هی کو بغير نهيــس کنيهه تجهــه پــر آنا کــو بهی هــ تيــري آبوت سه شــرف

#### COMMENDATION (OF THE PROPHET)

Petraca was ennobled because of Thy naturity; Yathrib¹ won renown from Thy dwelling therein; Not only Thy offspring make a boast of Thy name; Thy sires are ennobled through paternity of Thee.

ا۲ صلح کل ھندر سے لڑیں نہ گدر سے بیر کریں شرسے بچیں اور شر کے عوض خیر کریں جو کہتے ھیں یہ، کہ ہے جہنم دنیا وہ آئیں اور اِس بہشت کی سیر کریں

#### GOODWILL TO ALL

Where we strive not with Hindus, nor bear ill will to Infidels— Where we shrink from doing harm and in return for harm do good— Let those, who are multering that 'This world is a Hell', Only come and explore the delights of this Paradise.

1 The proper name of Medina, which word means simply 'city'.

### XI

Petraea was ennobled by Your nativity,
Because You deigned to dwell there Yathrib shall famous be,
Your offspring and their offspring shall boast them of
Your name,
Your father's name is blesséd through his paternity.

### XII

Let us not strive nor bicker with those of alien creeds,
Let us shun harm and offer good for all evil deeds,
Thus shall this sad world blossom into a Paradise,
Splendid with joy and laughter, filling man's utmost needs.

### ترك شعر عاشقانه

بلدل کی چس میں هم ربانی چپوري برم شعرا میں شعبر خوابي چپوری حب ہے دل ربدہ تو ہے شکو چپورا هم ہے بھی تری رام کہانی چپوری

#### DISCONTINUANCE OF LOVE POEMS

I have done matching my voice with the nightingale in the garden, I have done recting verses in the conclave of poets; Since thou hast forsaken me, O lively heart of my youth! I too have forsaken thy interminable stories

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پیوان وددہ دل حوش رہنے ہیں دکیہ میں کامرانوں کی طرح ہیں صعب سے لڑتے پہلوانوں کی طرح دل آئے ہیں، طرف آئے، حو کرتے ہیں تیر ہیس برل کے پیری کو حوانوں کی طرح

#### CHEERFUL OLD MEN

They are bithe in adversity—as if they were successful,
They fight with their feebleness—as if they were athletes,
They have hearts, they have courage—who are bringing to a close
Their old age—laughing and talking—as if they were youths

### XIII

My heart is no more singing as in past golden days, My fount of words is empty that hymned Thy constant praise, Since Thou, Heart's Life, forsook me, I can no more tell o'er My once exhaustless treasure of tender looks and ways.

### XIV

Hail! to those cheerful Ancients, who in despite of years
Still smiling face disaster and bravely hide their fears,
Who with high youthful courage vanquish their feebleness,
Filling their days with laughter, and scorning senile tears.

نیکي اور ندي پاس پاس عیں حو لوگ عیں نیکیوں میں مشہور بہت هوں نیکیوں پر اپنی نه معرور بہت نیکی هي حود اک ندی هے، گر هو نه حلوص نیکی هي حود اک ندی هے بدی بہیں هے کتیجه دور بہت

GOOD AND EVIL ARE NEAR NEIGHBOURS

Those people who are famed for their virtues very much, Let them of their virtues not be vain over much Even a good deed is bad, if the heart be not in it, And evil is distant from the good—not very much

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امتحان کا وقت راهد کہنا تبا حل ہے دس پر قرداں پر آیا حب امتحال کی رد بر ایاں کی عرص کسی نے کہئے ان کیا ہے صلاح عرص کسی نے کہئے ان کیا ہے صلاح

THE TIME OF TRIAL

A zealot used to say, 'My life is offered on my creed'
But when his faith came to the moment of trial,
Some one asked him humbly—'Tell us, what is best now?'
Quoth he, 'My brother' know, while there is life, there is the world'

### XV

Let those who for their virtues enjoy a worldly fame Take heed, nor for their actions excessive merit claim, E'en good deeds may be evil unless they be sincere; The gulf 'twixt good and evil is sometimes but a name.

### XVI

A fanatic once boasted, 'Lo, for my creed I'd die!'
Yet under persecution was loath to testify,
And when one humbly asked him for his advice, quoth he,
'Hold on to life, my brother, you gain the world thereby.'

7

#### عشق

ہے عشق طبیب دل کے بیماروں کا یا کہر ہے وہ خود ہزار آزاروں کا هم کتجهه نہیں جائٹے، په اتفی ہے خبر اک مشئلہ دلتیسپ ہے بیکاروں کا

#### Love

Is love a physician for the unhealthy at heart?
Or is it in itself the home of thousands of woes?
Of that I know nothing; only this much I have heard,
For those without work it is a charming pastime.

نيكوں كي جاتيج نيكوں كو نه ٿهرائيو دد اے فرزند اک آدھه ادا أن كى اگر ھونه پسند كتيه، دقعى افار كي لطانت ميں نہيں ھوں اُس ميں اگر گلے سؤے دانے چند

#### THE APPRAISEMENT OF THE GOOD

Set not down good men as bad, O my son' If one gesture or half a gesture of theirs displease thee. The fineness of a pomegranate is not spoilt to the taste, If there should be inside it one or two pips rotten.

### XVII

In Love, for hearts sore stricken, can there be healing found?

Or is Love a delusion in which all woes abound?

Which be the truth I know not, but this much I have heard,

That many an idle hour Love hath with beauty crowned.

### XVIII

My son, judge no man rashly and lest you err take heed! E'en good men may be guilty of some small evil deed.

A red pomegranate's sweetness is not one whit the less If, hid within its ripeness, you find one bitter seed.

دوستوں سے بیجا توقع تا رسب وہ معدو نفش موشوم رگے حسو طالب درستاں معصوم رڑے امتحاب سے نابت بات ہے حسو نگرتے صعیب کی وہ برکٹوں سے متعروم رگ

UNBEASONABLE EXPECTATIONS FROM FRIENDS

Through life, they have been lost upon a picture of fancy,
Who have always been demanding immaculate friends
Those, who have quarrelled with their comrades at every little thin

Those, who have quarrelled with their comrades at every little t.

Have lived outside the pale of the blessings of companionship

شرات اور حوادي هــو دادة کشي پــر بــة حوادو معقوں گردن پــة نــة لــو عقل حداداد کا حون خود عهد شدات اک حــدــون هــ ، ان نــم کرتے هو مورن حدون پــة اک اور حدون

#### WINE AND YOUTH

Young men' be not seduced to any drinking of wine, Take not upon your necks the blood of God given reason The time itself of Youth is a madness,—and now Do you pile upon one madness another midness, you?

### XIX

Those who pursue the Mirage of 'friendship without flaw'
All friendship lose if, questing, they lesser ties ignore;
And those who lightly quarrel and from their fellows turn,
Of Friendship's pleasant Tavern remain without the door.

### XX

Young Man, refrain from drinking the juices of the Vine, And thy God-given reason therewith to slay decline. Is there not, in Youth, madness sufficient that ye add

To madness further madness by wilful acts of thine?

غوور سب عببوں سے دہ تر ہے ممکن دہیں یہ کہ ہدو دشر عیب سے دور بر عیب سے دور مرور مرور عیب سے سیٹنے تبا سفدور مرور عیب اس کیٹائی ، پر حسردار رهو کیٹلئی کیٹلئی کے دور کیٹلئی کیٹلئی کیٹلئی کیٹلئی کیٹلئی کیٹلئ

#### Woese than all faults is Pride

It is not in nature that a man be free of faults,
But keep yourself from them to your utmost, without fail.
Make smaller the faults you have,—but still be on your guard,
Lest, from their decreasing somewhat, your pride should increase

۲٢

گفتار و کردار مس اختلاف حو کرتے هیں کتیمه ریاسے کہتے هیں وہ کم هوتے دہیں ساتبه حصح، دم اور قسدم دوها کیا حسن قسدر که حسن گفتار دس آندے هی گبلتے گئے کردار میں هم

THE MUTUAL ANTAGONISM OF SPEECH AND ACTION

They, who achieve much, say little with their tongue, You can't have both together—word craft and deed craft So much as the gift of speech has gone on increasing, So have we in the same degree been falling off in action

### XXI

'Tis not in human nature from all faults to be free.

Yet make that thy ideal so far as it may be.

Strive each fault to diminish, yet ever be on guard,

Lest in the flush of conquest Pride's Self should vanquish thee.

### XXII

Those who great deeds accomplish are wont to be tongue-tied,
—Craft in both speech and action to mortals is denied—
And as our Wordy Ocean flows onward to its flood,
Our once great Sea of Action ebbs to a lower tide.

### شرط قبول

میکن ہے کہ جوھر کی نہ ھوتدر کہیں پر قدیر کہیں بنیر جوھر کے نہیں عنبر کوند لیی مقت یہ امکان ہے، مکر عنبر کوند لیی مقت یہ امکان ہے، مگر عنبر کی حکد دہ نے کا کوئی سرکیں

#### THE CONDITION OF ACCEPTANCE

It is possible that worth may have no value somewhere; But value anywhere without worth there is none They refuse amber gratis—it may be,—but still In lieu of amber no one will accept dried cordung <sup>1</sup>

۲۴

طلب کو سوچ سمجه کو پیر بدانا چاشئے هوں یا نع هوں پیر اهل عوان و یقیں پر آدا ہے که طالب نه هوں نادان کہیں کا مک کو ہے گاہ کہ کا کہ کہیں اور ایک کی دیے بیجینے والے کو مہیں

IT BEHOVES A 'SEEKER' TO BE WARY IN ADOPTING A SPIRITUAL GUIDE

Spiritual guides may be or not be men of knowledge and conviction; The fear is lest the Seekers be rash in any way.

To a buyer there is sore need of two pair of eyes; And even of one eye there is no need to the seller.

1 Such as is used for fuel in the East.

### XXIII

Rare things may have no value when there is no demand, Yet worthless things can never a market-price command; Dying, athirst, a miser might Golden Amber spurn, But men will never proffer gold coin for dirt or sand.

### XXIV

Choice of a Guide is ever a risky enterprise;
Saints may be more than simple and less than worldly-wise;
So be not overhasty but choose with wary eyes;
A seller MAY be sightless but never he who buys!

عالم وجاهل میں کیا ہوق ہے ۔
هیں حبل میں سب عالم و حاشل همسر
آتا مہیں موق اس کے سوا اُن میں نظر
عالم کسو ہے علم اپنے بادائي کا
حاشل کو بہن حبل کی کتیجه ایے حبر

WHAT THE DIFFERENCE IS BETWEEN A WISE MAN AND A FOOL<sup>1</sup>

In ignorance all men, wise or foolish, are equal, No difference between them is perceptible save this— The wise man has knowledge of his own unwisdom. The fool of his ignorance has not the slightest notion

موحودة ترقي كا انجام پرچهـا حـــر كـــل انجــام ترقي نشــر يارن ته كها پيــر معان لـــ هدس كــر ناقى نــة رهيكا كوئــى انسان مين عيب هرماكس كــ جهل چهلا كــ ســـ عيب هدر هرماكس كــ جهل چهلا كــ ســـ عيب هدر

#### THE COAL OF MODERN PROGRESS

When yesterday they inquired the limit of man's progress 'Mine host,' with a laugh, thus replied to my friends,—
'There will not survive at last any fault in man,
By paring and paring they will all become merits'

Or perhaps more literally, 'between a learned man and a dunce'

### XXV

Lo! Lettered or unlettered, no man is truly wise,
Yet twixt their common folly this difference doth arise:—
The Wise of his unwisdom is ever well aware,
The Fool his depths of folly can never realise.

### XXVI

When yesterday One questioned whither Man's progress tends, Mine Host with mirth responded to his assembled friends:
'Man will at last be perfect as each fault's sinfulness
Is stage by stage diminished and so as virtue ends.'

مسرف کو کیونکو فراغت حامل ہوسکتی ہے اک منع مسرف نے یہ عادد سے کہا کر میرے لکّے حق سے مواعب کی دعا

مر میرے سے عمل کے مراسک میں سے عامد نے کہا یہ ہاتبہ آئبا کر سوئے چرح

معتباج کر اس کو حلید لے بار خیدا

How Salvation 1 MAY BE OBTAINED FOR A SPENDTHRIFT A munificent spendthrift spoke thus to a pious man, 'Utter on my behalf a prayer to God for my salvation 1!'

The pious man raised his hands to heaven, and said,
'Hasten, O God Almighty! Thy making this man a pauper.'

۲۸ کام کي جاددي يہل رهنے کي مہلب کوئي کب پائا ہے آتا ہے اگر آج، تو کل حاتما ہے جو کرے هيں کام اُن کو حاددي مهکناراً طلاحتي کا پيسام وہ جلا آتا ہے طلاحتي کا پيسام وہ جلا آتا ہے

#### DESPATCH OF BUSINESS

For waiting, in this world, when does any find respite?
If to day he is arriving, to morrow he departs

What things you have to do, accomplish them with speed; The missive for your summons is there!—coming towards you

1 Lat., ease-freedom from care.

### XXVII

A Spendthrift to a Pious Man proffered an earnest plea,
Pray to God that he may grant salvation unto me!'
The holy man looked upward and straightway prayed this prayer,
Hasten, O God Almighty, and grant him poverty!'

### XXVIII

In this world's hurried sojourn none can afford delay,
Lo! You must leave to-morrow who but arrived to-day,
The summons for your going, immutable, draws nigh,
Gird up your loins and hasten, accomplish while you may.

19

عوض

ے بعنس میں انسان کے خطبی یہ مرص ھر سعنی یہ ھوتا ہے طلابگار عنوص جو حناص حندا کے لئے بے کام کئے دیکھا تو بہاں آدییں بھی تھی کوئی عرص

#### SELF INTEREST

There is in the self of man, by nature, this disease
That he seeks a compensation for each effort he makes,
Deeds which I had done purely for God's sake—when I looked,
There was hidden in them even some selfish aim

''' انقلاف روزگار نس نس کے ہزاریں گہـــر اُحــــۃ حاتے ہیں گر گر کے علم لاکھوں اُکھڑ حاتے ہیں آج اِس کی ہے بون ک اُس کی ناری نی نن کے یو دہیں کھیل نگڑ حاتے ہیں

> THE VICISSITUDES OF FORTUNE d and peopled, are deserted—by thousands

Homes peopled and peopled, are deserted—by thousands Standards, fixed and fixed, are uprooted—by lakis, If A booms to day—to morrow B has his turn, Thus game after game as soon as made is but marted <sup>1</sup> <sup>1</sup> Lat, 'Games made and made are just so being marred

### XXIX

The heart of Man, by nature, in some strange way is flawed, Whereby for every effort he seeketh a Reward;
E'en my deeds of Piety had, when I looked again,
Hidden springs of selfishness that could not be ignored.

### XXX

Thousands of homes once teeming deserted stand to-day;
Standards that once were sacred, Mankind no longer sway;
To-day this one is Sultán, to-morrow that one rules;
Nothing is so enduring as to defy decay.

71

تقاصائے سن

حالی کو حسو کیل مسرده حاطر پایا یہچہا داعث تو ہدس کے یہ درمایا

رکبو دہ اب اگلی صعبتوں کی اُمیدہ ولا وقب گلے اب اور موسم

#### THE TYRANNY OF YEARS

When they found Hálı yesterday coldhearted,—as they thought They inquired the reason -he laughed and thus replied, 'Don't cherish the hope now, of those former socialities,

Those times have gone by another season has arrived '

٣r

حسکو رددگی کا بھروسہ مہیں وہ کوئی بڑا کام بہیں کوسکتا دبیا کے همیشه نقش بابی سمجهے رو داد جہاں کے اگے کہانیی سمجھے هر سانس کو عمل حاردانی

A MAN WHO HAS NO TRUST IN LIFE CANNOT ACHIEVE ANY GREAT WORLD This commonplace world-you may call a fleeting picture,

All that happens in the universe-you may deem an idle tale But, when you set your purpose to any noble work,

Think every breath you draw to be life eternal

### XXXI

When changed his friends found Háli, lacking his former cheer, They asked him for the reason:—he laughed, 'Friends gather near, 'Those brave old days are ended, no more shall I carouse—'Past are my Spring and Summer, my Autumn days are here.'

### XXXII

This world may be a picture, but fleeting, transitory,
And all that therein happens an idle tale—may be,
But, he who would accomplish some noble task, worth-while,
Must feel that all his labours are for Eternity.

## أفار زوال

آنا کسو رمین و ملک پسر اطعیفان اولاد کو سستی په تفاعت کا گمان بیچ آواوه اور بیسسکار جسسوان هین ایس کمران کوئی دن کے مهمان

#### SIGNS OF DECADENCE

The fathers—secure in their land and possessions,
The sons—with a dream of contentment in indolence,
The children running riot, the young men doing nothing,—
Such families are here only as 'quests of a few days'

۳۶ شان ادبار

صحرا میں حو پایا ایک چٹیل میدان

رسات میں سدوہ کا دہ تبا حس پہ دشاں مایوس تیے حس کے حوتیے شے دھفاں یاد آئی ہمیں قوم کے ادبار کی شان

#### THE TROPHIES OF REVERSE

In the desert when I came upon a bare bleak plam, On which in the rains there was no sign of verdure, Which the peasants had long ceased to have the heart to till,— I thought on the trophies of reverse of my race

# XXXIII

Lo! Fathers without effort, secure in wealth and lands;
The sons content to idle and never soil their hands;
The children running riot, the young men without work,
For families decaying full swift run out the sands.

# XXXIV

I chanced once in the desert upon a bare bleak plain,
Whereon no verdure flourished, not even after rain,
Where not a peasant laboured,—my thoughts turned sadly to
My race once great, now sterile, to blossom ne'er again.

10

### علامت ىعاق

ھـر برم میں آوری کے لائق ھونا شیری سخمی ہے شہد بائق ھونسا ممکی بہنی جنٹک که به هر دلنس بخاق اسـاں بہنی مقبول حلائق ھونــا

#### THE DIAGNOSIS OF INSINCERITY

In every assemblage to win shouts of applause, Through blandness of verbiage to become 'pure honey', Is not possible,—until there be insincenty in the heart It is not an easy task, being popular with all men

#### THE UNCHARITABLENESS OF MUSALMANS

Not until he be a thorough enemy of our brothers Is the faith of a behever reckoned thorough nowadays I pray the Almighty to have pity on our race, When I hear 'a thorough Musalman' said about any one

# XXXV

To win ALL men's acceptance and their respect retain, With honeyed words to flatter and wide laudation gain Is passing hard,—to do it needs insincerity, Without which all your efforts will be but labour vain.

### XXXVI

Unless a son of Islám hates all of alien creed
His faith these days is suspect, suspect in word and deed,
So when I hear one lauded, 'True Musalman is he',
I pray again to Allah 'Have pity on our need'!

٧٣

### مکم و ریا

حالی رہ راسب حو که چلتے هیں سدا حطرہ آمیں گرگ کا به ڈر شیریں کا لیکس اُن بیستریوں سے واحب شے حدر بیتیں کے لیاس میں هیں جو حلوہ بما

#### DECEIT AND HYPOCRISY

Hali! Those who travel on the straight road always, Incur no risk of wolves, nor terror of hons

But vigilance is needed against those sheep-raveners, Who make a fair appearance in the clothing of sheep

۲۸

### حوهر قائلت

ھیں ہے ھعروں میں قاتلیب کے نشــال پوشیدہ ھیں رحشیوں میں اکثر انســال

عساري هين لعساس تربيب سے وردم

هین طوسی و رازی انهی*ن* شکلودمی*ن* نهان

#### THE GERM OF POTENTIALITY

There are signs of capability in the wholly untaught, Disguised among savages are many human beings. They are innocent of any garb of education, otherwise. The learned Tust and the Great Razz are hidden in these shapes.

1 Refers to Nasıruddin Tusı and Fakhruddin Razı—two well known Arabic author

# XXXVII

Háli! Those who travel straight and keep the road always Need have no fear of lions, nor any beast that preys; Yet be on guard, my brother, for there be wolves who lurk In the guise of peaceful sheep and raven in the ways.

### XXXVIII

Know! E'en in the unlettered there is ability
And 'neath a rude exterior may lurk humanity.

Famous men of Tus or Raz, for all their vanity,
But for their education mere savages would be.

٣٩

ملسم

اے علم کینا ہے تو کے ملکوں کو نہال عنائب ہوا تو حہاں سے وہاں آیا زوال اُن پر ہوئے عیب کے حسوائے مفتوح جی تومیں نے تہرایا تھے واس العال

#### KNOWLEDGE

O Knowledge! by thee have whole nations been enriched, From wherever thou has vanished, there has come decay, The treasures of the hidden world have been unlocked for those Races who have established thee as their stock in trade

ايصــا

اے عام کلید کئے شادی تو ہے سر چشدۂ دمما و ایادی تو ہے آسایش دومہاں ہے سابہ میں ترے ددیا کا وسیلہ دین کا شادی تو ہے

Thou, Knowledge! art the key to the storehouse of joy;
Thou art a welling fountain of gifts and benefits,
Rest in respect of both worlds is under thy shade,

Thou art a means of subsistence here, and a guide to the hereafter.

# XXXIX

Fair Wisdom! By whose favour whole nations riches gain, While swift decay hath stricken those who Thy arts disdain; Thou dost disclose the secrets of this World's treasure house To those far-sighted peoples who of Thy lore are fain.

### XL

Hail Wisdom! Of joy's storehouse Thou art the magic key; Of all delights the fountain, source of prosperity;

Rest Here and Rest Hereafter are found beneath Thy shade; Provider in This Lifetime, Guide to the Life to Be.

علم به تحده سے بہال حیسی معرف کی رمیں مشرق کر رہ دیسم تحده سے اس علم بیں شاید اس علم ماہ نخشت کی طرح رهتی هیں شعباعی تری محسدود رهیں KNOWLESS

۴۱

So rich as the region of the West is through thee, Like bounty to the East from thee, O Knowledge! there is none Ah Knowledge! can it be that, like the moon of Nakhshab,<sup>1</sup> Thy rays of light are limited to that one soot?

۴۴ حانداني عرت بیٹا نکلے دہ حب تلک داب سے عرت نہیں اُس کو باپ کی عرت سے سرچر تو ہے تصلہ کا نسب نہی عالی پر اُسکو شرف نہیں کتیبہ اس نسنب سے FAMILY HONOURS

Until a son free himself from baseness of his own, He inherits no honour from his father's honour. If you reflect—rubbish too has a lengthy pedigree, But is not ennobled in the least by the connexion

<sup>1</sup> The 'Veiled Prophet of Khurásán who claiming mirsculous powers pretended the moon rise from a well at Nakhshab. It is said that after his death a bow quicksit er was found at the bottom of the well. His opponents denounced the impost on the ground that the semblance of the moon was always at the full and always in ame place.

# XLI

Full richly hast Thou dowered the Regions of the West,
The East, alas! O Wisdom! Thou hast not likewise blest.
Can it be true, O Wisdom, Thou art like Nakhshab's Moon
Which bathed one spot with radiance, in darkness left the rest?

# XLII

No son can from his father inherit any fame
Until for his own efforts he can some merit claim;
E'en rubbish may inherit a lengthy pedigree,
Yet that gives it no value—'Tis Rubbish all the same!'

# عزت کس چنز میں ہے

دولب نے کہا محبہ سے ہے عرت ہے حہاں

ورمایا ہلئے ہے، میں ہوں، عرت کا نشل عبرت نولی، علط ہے درنوں کا بیساں میں بید ہوں حق کا جو ہے بیکی میں پہل

#### IN WRAT THING IS HONOUR

Wealth said, 'Wherever honour exists, it is from me'
Culture affirmed, 'I am the true badge of honour'
Then honour spoke, and said, 'The claim of each of you is wrong,
I am the secret of Eternal Truth which is hidden in Goodness'

۴۴

توقع سجا

ھیس یار رہیستی، پر مصیدت میں نہیں ساتھی ھی عربر لیک دانت میں نہی اُس بات کی انسل سے ترقع ہے عمین حو نوع نشر کی جود ختاب میں نہیں

#### MISPLACED EXPECTATION

Our inends are good comrades—but not m adversity, Our relations stand by us—but not in disgrace, Vam is the expectation of that thing from a man, Which is not in the nature of the species called mankind

# XLIII

Wealth said, 'Wherever honour exists, the meed is mine.'
Quoth Culture, 'Of all honour I am the badge and sign.'
Said Honour's Self, 'That secret I am which hidden lies
'Deep down within all Goodness, Eternal Truth Divine.'

# XLIV

My friends are loyal comrades—save in adversity;
Save in disgrace my brethren cleave closely unto me;
Mankind is ever faithful until their faith is tried,
So in that hour of trial expect not loyalty.

عقل اور دوستي متصاد هس هے عقل ميں حس قدر كمى اور بيشى آئمي هى معائرت هے بان اور حوبشى وہ دوست نہيں حس نے كيا مكر مأل

REASON AND FRIENDSHIP ARE CONFLICTING TERMS

صدیس هیس دوستی و دور اندیش

As far as the rise or fall extends in a man's reason, So wide is the range of his estrangement and affection Who has thought of the consequence, is no longer a friend, Two mutual opposites are friendship and foresight

٢٩

# میش وعشرت

عشرت کا ثمر تلم سدا هوتا ہے هر تہتیہ پیعمام سکا هونا ہے حس توم کو عیش دوست پانا هوندیں کہتا هرں که اب دیکیٹے کنا هوتا ہے

#### WANTON SELF INDULGENCE

The fruit of dissipation always becomes bitter Each burst of laughter is but a forerunner of tears Whatever race I find given over to pleasure, I say to myself, 'See now! what is going to happen?'

### XLV

Fast as cold Reason waxes so true affection wanes,
As much as it decreases so much affection gains.
Unworthy is that friendship which calculates the cost,
Love that is worth the loving cold caution e'er disdains.

# XLVI

The fruits of dissipation turn bitter with the years,
Wild joy's flamboyant laughter is followed oft by tears.
Woe to those purblind Peoples, who but for pleasure live,
Whose Present holds no wisdom, whose Future holds no fears.

### میش ر مشرت

اے عیش ر طوف تو کے حہاں راح کیا سلطان کو گدا عمی کو محتاج کیا ودران کیما تو کے دیسموا اور ماسل معسداد کمو قرطمت کمو ناراح کیا

#### WANTON SELF INDULGENCE

O riotous living ' where thou hast had dominion, Thou hast made the king a beggar, the wealthy man needy Thou madest a solitude of Babylon and Nineveh, Thou broughtest destruction upon Baghdad and Cordova

۴۸

#### \_\_\_\_

رونق ہے ہراک برم کی اب عیدت میں بدگوئی حلق ہے ہر اک عندیت میں ارزوں کی توائی ہی یہ ہے بعثو رہاں حوبی کوئی باقی بہیں حس آست میں

#### SLANDER

The éclat of every party, now, consists in slander, Backhiting God's creatures is the rule at every gathering It is only of others' foibles that a people can boast, Who have not one excellence left within themselves

## XLVII

O foolish Dissipation! Where'er Thy writ hath run Kings, cities, wealth, and greatness have vanished one by one. Through Thee Baghdad is fallen, Cordova is no more, Proud Nineveh a ruin, a desert Babylon.

### XLVIII

Lo! Envy, Hatred, Malice, and all unkindliness Inform men's conversation with littlemindedness, Only each other's foibles can interest some folk, When not one single virtue do they themselves possess.

۴٩

عشق ،

اے عشق کیا تـوے گہرانوں کو تبساۃ پیروں کـو خوات اور جوانوں کـو تبساۃ دیکھنا ہے سـدا سلامتی میسی تیسری تیمیں کے ذلیل، خاندانیں کـو تبساۃ

#### PASSIONATE LOVE

O Love! thou hast caused whole households to be ruined; Old men to be dotards, and young men to be ruined; In thy fehritations evermore I have seen Nations brought low, and long lineages ruined.

#### HOW A GOVERNMENT LOSES VIGOUR

When you see the affairs of any kingdom upside down, You may take it that the footfall of some Godsend is upon it. Either there is some lady a privy councillor of state:— Or else the prime minister is some learned professor.

# XLIX

O all-absorbing Passion! What homes Thou hast betrayed, What old men rendered foolish, what young men crazy made! Yea, Thy unbridled worship has brought great nations low, Proud pedigrees has tarnished or in abasement laid.

# $\boldsymbol{L}$

In the affairs of nations if there should be some flaw,
Seek ye the hidden canker that gnaweth at the core.
May be some lovely woman who doth the reins usurp,
Or some crank's facile theories which facts as facts ignore.

دیں و دنیا کا رشتہ دنیا کــو دیئے دیــس کے اســرار و حکــم ددیــا نے کــر دیــن کي تیــامي حس دم کــر دیــن کی معـــرن بہت کے ددیــا ددیــا کے بھی احسان بہیں دیــن پــه کــم

THE RELATION OF CHURCH AND STATE

Religion gave the world revelation and guidance, What time the world supported the lone of religion If the world owes religion a heavy debt of gratitude, On religion too her owings to the world are not light

97 آزاد گان راستبار کی تسکمبر بازن میں نه پایا جس کوئی عیس رگفاہ کافسر کہا واعظ نے آمہیں اور گسراۃ حبوئے کو بین ملتی شہادت حسوقب لاتا ہے حدا کو اپنے دعوے پہ گواۃ

IMPUTING INFIDELITY TO HONEST (AND RIGHTEOUS) FREE TRINKERS

Though he found in my friends nothing blameworthy or sinful,
The preacher denounced them as 'Injude's and 'Lost couls'.
When evidence is wanting to a false accuser,

He dares to name 'God' as a witness to his charge

So long as Men supported the pillars of their creed,
Religion gave them wisdom and guidance in their need.
Though deep debts to Religion are owing from Mankind,
Yet to Mankind Religion owes gratitude indeed.

# LII

Though in my friends the Preacher found neither sin nor shame, As 'Infidels' and 'Lost Souls' he lashed them just the same:

For lack of other witness how oft these zealous men,

To justify their charges, will dare to use God's name!

ہے ہو رائي اور سے عبوتي اسمان به گر فطم حہاں کا ہے مسدار اُس قبوم کا چنفسا ہے حالی دشوار عبرت کی دہنں ہے جس کسو ہیروا دلت سے دہن ہے جس کسو ہروا دلت سے دہن ہے جس کسو ہروا

#### APATHY AND COMPLACENCY

If the order of the Universe depends upon motives, It is hard work, O Háhl I to arouse that race, Which cares not for its honour in the very least degree, And takes not the least degree of shame from its disgrace

میں میں اور انتظام میں میں انتظام میں کے اس کی عرص کہ اے بار حددا معول تبرا کسی ہے بددوں میس سوا ارشاد ہموا بددہ ہمبارا رہ ہے حولے سے، اور بہ لے بدی کا بدلا

FOROIVENESS WITH A PRESENT POWER OF REVENUE Moses uttered this thought 'O God Almighty! Who most of all Thy servants, is accepted by Thee '' There issued the instruction 'My servant is he Who can take and will not take, revenge for mjury'

### LIII

If there must be 'high purpose' for progress to take place, Hard must thou labour, Háli, to elevate that Race Which cares not for its honour, regards not its decline. Nor feels the least iota of shame for its disgrace.

# LIV

Moses prayed, 'Almighty One, make Thou Thy pleasure plain.
Who foremost of Thy servants Thy favour will obtain?'
There issued the commandment, 'Lo, favoured shall he be,
Who, 'though occasion offers, doth from revenge abstain.'

سختي كا جواب نومي هي من الله و منه الله كو جهال تلك هنو ديجي تسكيس وهنر أكام كوئي تنو كيج ناتين شينرين غنصه عص كنو اور بهوكات هي السينان بهين

#### THE ANSWER TO HARSHNESS IS MILDNESS

So far as may be, treat a 'mischief' discreetly, If any one spit poison at you, give him words of nectar. Anger only makes anger flare up more fiercely, In this disease, similabus simila Non curantur.

0

#### ئمت

تیمور نے اک مورچہ <sub>ریس</sub>ر دیــوار دیکھا کے چڑھا دائے کسو لیکسر سوبار آخــر ســر دام لیکے پُھنچا تــو کہا مشکل دیسی کــوٹی پیش ہمــ دشــوار

#### COURAGE

Tamurlane watched a tmy ant under a wall Crawl upwards a hundred times with one grain of corn, At last it reached the top with the grain, then he said, 'No arduous exploit is impossible to courage' Let not Despite nor Malice ever disquiet thee, Confront abuse and slander with honeyed suavity. High words but fan the fire; recrimination shun, Remember, 'Ne'er for anger was anger remedy.'

### LVI

Once Tamurlane was watching an ant climb up a wall
An hundred times essaying an hundred times to fall;
At last it gained the summit; then cried out Tamurlane
'Lo, true and steadfast courage can dare, accomplish, all.'

۷ہ کم ھبٹی

معرسه و قسدریسه کی نخص و قسکسرار

ديكها توده تها كحيهه اسكا مدهب يه مدار

جبو کم همت تیج هوکئے ولا محدور حویا همت تیج بی گئے ولا

#### COWARDICE

Those endless disputes about Fate and Freewill 1.—
When I looked at them, I found they do not hinge on any creed
Those men who were cowardly have always yielded to fate,
And those possessed of courage have exercised free will

aΛ

پشماني العجام ہے حسو کعبر کی طعیبانی کا مساق ہے وہ دادائی کا الدت سے ددامتسوں کی جانا ھینے ۔
اُک دارج بسے ہے اگ دارج بسے الے دار پشیمسانی کا

#### REMORSE

What comes in the end to overweening unbelief, That same is the fruit of mere neglect and ignorance I have learnt from the bitter taste of many contritions, That 'Hell' is but a name for what we call Remorse

1 Lit thetween the fatalist and the believer in free will?

# LVII

We prate of 'Fate' and 'Freewill'—bethink ourselves so wise,—Yet no Law doth enjoin them and no Creed sanctifies.

Cowards have always sheltered behind the plea of 'Fate',
While those possessed of courage their 'Freewill' exercise.

### LVIII

Remorse, the certain guerdon of those who have no creed, Remorse, the fruit they garner who neither care nor heed, Remorse, exceeding bitter, which I so oft have known, Remorse, the unavailing,—Remorse is 'Hell' indeed. آلسف ہ<sub>و</sub> ودائٹ فوات میاہ الدین احمد خان مرحوم فیر آتخلص دہلو<u>ي</u> تعسیری ہے تہ طاؤس تہ کنک طنسار آتے ہمی خسراں کے کرگئے سب پسرواز تمسی ناغ کی یادگار اکب بلنسان زار سو اُس کی بہسے کل سے بیسس آئی آواز

A lament on the death of the late Nawáb Ziyá uddin Ahmad Khán (known as 'Naiyab') of Delhi

No turtle dove,—no peacock,—no mocking chakor,—
These all took their flight at the first approach of Autumn
One token of the Spring lingered—the plaintive nightingale,
And his voice, since yesterday, is auduble no more

. .

عالب ہے تھ شیعتے تھ نیسر باتی وحشیب ہے نہ سالک ہے نہ ادرر باتی حالی اب امہیس کو برم یازاں سنتھسو یاری کے جو کتھیسہ داغ ہیسے بال پر باتی

Not Ghéhb, nor Shefta, nor Naiyar remain, Not Wahshat, nor Sálik, nor does Anwar remain, Now must you accept, Hah! for that circle of friends, Those scars upon your heart, which will for ever remain

# LIX

Birds, whose songs made music in the dawning of the year All spread their wings and vanished when Autumn mists drew near, That plaintive Nightingale alone remained to us of Spring, But now His voice of silver we shall no longer hear.

# LX

Ghálib, Shefta are taken—Naiyar comes not again Wahshat, Sálik and Anwar—You look for them in vain— Háli! Your band of brothers, alas! are gone—although The scars they've left will ever upon your heart remain.

#### معنت

معنتھی کےپہل ھیں یہاں ھر اک دامی میں معنت ھی کی برکٹیسی ھی ھر حرص میں موسی کنو ملي ب له قبوم کئی چو پائی حب تـک بـه جبرالی بدریل مدین میں

#### LABOUR

What fruit is in each lap, is the fruit of labour here, And all that is harvested are God's blessings on labour, <sup>1</sup> To be 'Shepherd of his people' was not given to Moses, Until he had tended goats in the land of Midian

17 ترحیب گداری اک مرد تسوادا کس حسو سسائل پایسا کی متن نے مسائمت اور نہیب شرمایا نوڈ کسہ نے اِسکا انکسی کسونن په ونال

#### INCITEMENT TO BEGGARY

فے درے کے جنہے یہ مانگفیا سکی

A sturdy young man, whom I once found begging, Was sharply reproved by me, and put to open shame Then said he, 'The plague of this hangs on their necks, Who taught me to beg by always giving when I asked'

1 Lat, 'The fruits of labour only are in each skirt (held up to contain them) the blessings (of God) on labour only are in each garner.'

### LXI

No harvest has been garnered save that which toil has sown— No harvest e'er is blessed that labourless has grown— 'The Shepherd of his people'e'en Moses ne'er became, 'Till in the land of Midian he herded goats—alone.

### LXII

I once reproved a beggar who alms of me did claim
In that, 'though young and lusty, he begged and had no shame—
Said he, 'Reprove the Foolish whose misplaced charity
'Encourages all beggars—not unto us the blame.'

41

تكمي الهل اسلام

کہنا فاہا کا موملیوں کے دس سنتر سنتے یہ ہوگیا شم کو نایسی

موس سے صور ہوگا مرقد میس سوال

تعقیدر بہسی کی تبی فقہا نے که بہس

### IMPUTING INFIDELITY TO MUSLIMS

From hearing so often raised against true believers

The schoolmen's cry, 'Unorthodox,' we are now convinced of this — Undoubtedly a Muslim will be asked in his grave,

'Did the Schoolmen denounce you as an Infidel or not'

110

ترک عاشقانه **گون**ي

کتھے۔ قوم کی ہم سے سوگواری س لمو

کتچه ه چشم حهان میں اپنی حواری س لسو

السالة قيس و كوهكس ياد دبيس چاهو تو كتبا هم شد هماري سي لو

ADIEU TO LOVERS' TALK

Some word of the people's ills from us you will hear, Some word of our fall in men's esteem you will hear

Romances of Qais and Kohkan<sup>1</sup> we have forgotten, If you want one—from us—our own tale you will hear

1 Quis, better known by his title Majnun (the distracted) was the lover of Laila contracted in Arabic poetry. Kohkan (the rockhewer) is the title of Farhád, the lover of Shirin, celebrated among the Persane.

### LXIII

So oft 'gainst true believers we hear the Zealots cry:
'Unorthodox!' (for bigots are hard to satisfy)
It almost seems that Muslims even when laid to rest
Their earthly Orthodoxy will have to justify.

# LXIV

We talk of 'Social evils'—the 'People's woes' bemoan— Of reputations tarnished (especially our own)— Romance and tales romantic thrill and delight no more— The starkest Realism now holds the field—alone. 5

# تنزل اهل اسلام

#### THE FAIL OF THE PEOPLE OF ISLAM

Would anyone see humination transgressing her limits <sup>2</sup> Let him look at Islâm, not lilting her head after falling That high tide follows low tide, he would never admit, Who should watch the ebhing wave of this ocean of ours

44

اول کوشش اور بعد دعا کوشش میسی ہے شوط انتدا انسان سے

ہمسر جائشے مسائلتی مدہ یرداں سے حنتسک که دہ کام دسب و ناور سے لیسا پائی صہ تحسات سوم نے طونل سے

EFFORT FIRST AND PRAYER NEXT

In effort hea the first pledge of success for any man, And next he ought to pray for help from the Almighty It was not until he used hand and arm that Noah Obtained the boon of rescuing his race from the delage

### LXV

If you would see the limits to which Decline can go—
Regard the lot of Islám—that proud head fallen low—
And, seeing, who would credit that every tide must turn?
That so complete an ebb-tide will turn again and flow?

# LXVI

FIRST labour to your utmost if you would aught attain—
THEN pray for God's assistance lest labour be in vain—
When menaced by the Deluge, his Race in peril stayed
Till Noah's self wrought greatly with his stout hand and brain.

کلم کرنا حان کے ساتھہ شے شے حاں کے سامیہ کام ادسل کے لئے۔ دیتی مہیس رددگی میس نے کام کئے حیتے ھو تو کتچہہ کیتھئے ودرن کی طرح مردین کی طرح حلّے تو کیا حاک حلّے

TO BE WORKING AGREES WITH MAN'S VITALITY
Work is indispensable to Life for all human kind,
No zest is in living save with some work being done
You have?—then be doing something to show you are alive,
What death in life have they, who have lived like corpses?

...
حمولّي ہمایش
مارت کے سے میں سب سبو نے والے
بندے والسوں سے کہ ہیں ہسوئے والے
گاؤناں رہنی ہیں جن کی جندوں میں مدام
اکٹر ہیں جن کی جندوں میں مدام
اکٹر ہیں وہی وقب کے کہوئے والے

#### FALSE SHOW

All persons are apt to dilute truth with fiction,
Men being anything are rarer than those who pretend to be
Those people in whose pockets watches ever dwell
Are often precisely those who most waste their time

### LXVII

For Life work is essential the while Thou draweth breath—
There is no zest in living unless Thou laboureth—
So while Thou live'st be doing and show Thou art alive—
For those whose lives are lifeless but live a living-death.

### LXVIII

Men oft the Truth embroider with 'Fiction fancy free'—
And able men are rarer than those who feign to be—
Those men who count the hours, and mark each minute flown,
Are just the men who squander their time most wastefully.

چندہ عبب بہت سي خودوں کو بہس مقا سکتے مودد هنر هوں دات ميں حس کی هوار دنولوں درچار درچار طبی اگر هوں درچار طباؤس کے بائے رشت پر کر کے نظار کے انکار کے دنا کر حس و حسال کا دہ اُس کے انکار

A FEW DEFECTS CANNOT OBLITERATE MANY EXCELLENCES
If a thousand fine qualities are patent in a man,
Do not grudge your esteem to him for one or two defects
Because your eye has fallen on the peacock's ugly legs,
You must not deny the grace and splendour of his beauty

سکوت درو پش حامل مصروب حو دوں وطیقۂ حوادی میں ہیں آپ حیر ایدی سنتیائے کے ونادی میں ہیں آپ دولی کتیامہ مفہا سے با دہ دولیں حصرت معلوم کے همکو جانے پانی میں ہیں آپ

THE TACITURNITY OF AN IGNORANT DERVISH

So deeply engrossed upon your text is Your Honour, Silence is your safest course—so thinks Your Honour? Open your mouth, and speak,—or do not speak—Your Highness! I have my own gauge of the depth of Your Honour

## LXIX

If with a thousand virtues a man should be endowed

Let not some trifling defect your judgement of him cloud—

If in the Peacock's beauty your eye some blemish finds

Are all his grace and splendour no credit then allowed?

## LXX

Dig down into your Korán—deep—deep,—O Holy One!— Silence perhaps is safest—it keep, O Holy One!— Open your mouth, or close it—what matters it to me Who hold you and your knowledge so cheap, O Holy One! ملحدوں کا طعن مسلمانوں اور کہ کہتا تھا کل آگ مفکسر قرآن و خبسر کیا ہے اور کہ کیسا لیسی کے یہ اہل قبلے ماہم اور کسر کتیبے دم ہے تو میداں میں آئیسی ورثه کتیبے دم ہے تو میداں میں آئیسی ورثه کتیا بہتے گئی کے الدو

The reproach of Unbellievers against Musalmans
A scoffer of Holy weit 1 was saving yesterday.

'What will these men of the Qibla get, squabbling among themselves in they have courage, let them come into the open,—otherwise Any dog too is a lion, inside his own lane.'

٧٢

دھري کا الرام گور پرست پر اک گور پرسب نے يہ دھنري ہے کہنا ھوگا دہ شقی کوگي جہناں میں تجمہ سا دھری نے کہنا کہ کینا کا مفکر اُس سے بھی گیا، کہ جس کے لاکھوں ھوں خدا

THE MATERIALIST'S BETORT UPON AN IDOL WORSHIPPER

A worshipper of graves apole thus to a materialist,
'There will not be a reprobate in the world like thee.'
The materialist said, 'What' Is any denier of God
More far gone than one who may have lakins of little gods?'

Lut, 'of the Qur'an and (recorded) traduco'.'

## LXXI

A scoffer of the Korán was saying yesterday
Why do these Priests in squabbles fritter their strength away?
Let them take heed,—and courage,—or else they'll find each lane
Will hail some dog as 'Lion', and cower'neath his sway.

## LXXII

A worshipper of Idols cursed One who did deny
That any God existed—the latter made reply:
'Think you that man more evil who owns no God—or he
Who little Gods in thousands doth praise and glorify.'

#### دانا کا حال نادانوں میں

کیما برق, سماعت نه هو جب کابرن میں دانائی کي نائوں میں اور افسانوں میں غربت میں ہے اجنبي مسائر جس طرح دانا کا یہی حسال ہے ناداسوں میں

THE PLIGHT OF A WISE MAN AMONG FOOTS

What difference—if the ears have no sense of hearing— Between the words of wisdom, and old wives tales? Strange as a pilgrim in a land far from his home,— Just so is the plight of any wise man among fools.

٧٤ روارم کي حسن دهوله کي ه اے روارسر جبا باقسی کيسترے په ها جب تلک که دهسیا باقی دهو شرق سے دهدے کو په اقسا صفرگتر دهما رها رها قاسترے په، ده کيسترا باقی

#### THE LIMIT OF REFORM

For washing, O reformer! there is good reason left, So long as any stain upon the cloth ... still left; Wash the stain with a will —but do not rub so hard That no stain upon the cloth—and no cloth be left

# LXXIII

Those without understanding no difference can see
Betwixt the words of wisdom and crass stupidity—
No pilgrim feels more lonely exiled in foreign lands
Than does a wise man stranded with fools for company.

# LXXIV

For washing—O Reformer!—so long as any stain
Is left, you have good reason—wash then with might and main—
Yet have a care when washing, from over zeal refrain
Lest when the stain has vanished no fabric doth remain.

اپنی تع یف سکہ ناک چڑھانا تعریف سے کہل جاتے ہیں باداں می العور دانای ع لیکسی بہیں ہسرگسر یہ طور هرتے هيں بهت وہ مدم سنكو باحوش مقصود به هے که هو ستایش کچهه اور

CONTEMPT OF ADMIRATION

Fools grin with delight at any praise forthwith, But such is not by any means the way of wise men

When they hear their praises, they are greatly displeased,-They want something better in the way of commendation 1

٧Y

حس طن اصل حال بهم , کھلنے دیتا صدومی کو کسی نے آرمسایا هی بہیں ىيىكى مين شك أسكى كونّى اليا هي بهين هو سكة رائع من بهي شايد كنيهة كهوت یر اُس کو کسی ہے یہاں تیایا ہی بہتی

A GOOD OPINION DOES NOT LET THE REAL TRUTH REVEAL ITSELF The Soofee (may be perfect, but) no one has ever tried him, No one has ever dared to hint a doubt of his goodness

There may be in current coin too, perchance, some alloy, But no one has ever tested it as yet in this country

1 The word 'aur' may mean 'more or 'different

# LXXV

The Fool doth welcome praises and greets them with delight,
Whereas the wise man scorns them—knowing them cheap and trite,—
By vain and empty praises they merely are displeased
Who look for something better as being theirs by right.

## LXXVI

A Soofee may be perfect—but none have ever tried Him out, and so his goodness hath never been denied; There MAY in current coinage some base alloy be found 'Though no one in this country that fact has verified. دینداروں کی دائیل دین کو صب لگاتی هس پاتے هیں روں حو حال اهل اسلام المواد المو

THE MISDEEDS OF BELIEVERS BRING THEIR RELIGION INTO DISREPUTE

When they see the sorry plight of believers in Islâm, All nations of the world cry shame on the religion By their own intemperance the sick lost their health, And lightly the Healer (of creation) was blamed

فیکو عقبیل فیکو عقبیل منزل ہے نعیبید، نانسیدھ کو راد سفسر مواج ہے نعیر، زکھبو کشکی کی حفسر کاھک چوکس ہے، کے چلسو مال کھیسرا ھلسکا کور نوجیسے، ہے کاٹیسین راہ گوڑ

REFLECTIONS ON THE LATTER END

The haven is far off —gird on food for the journey!

The sea is boisterous —look well to your vessel!

The purchaser is keen —let the goods you take be pure!

And make your load light!—for the course is full of toil

## LXXYIII

When men of alien Nations see Islam's sorry plight Contempt of our religion it doth in them incite— If we be sick the censure must lie upon ounserves, None can 'Greation's Healer' for our disease indict.

# LXXVIII

Lo! Far off is the Haven—full well provision thee!
Staunch, taut must be thy vessel—for stormy is the sca!
The Purchaser is shrewd—beware! pure be thy merchandise!
The way is long and toilsome—light let thy burthen be!

## انسان كى حقيقت

معکسی ہے کہ ہوجائے ورشتہ انسسان معکسی ہے ، ندی کا نہ رہے اسیسی نشان معکسی ٹو ہے سب کتیجسے ، یہ حقیقت یہ ہے انسساں ہے انتساک وہی ورن الشیطسان

#### THE TRUTH ABOUT MAN

It is possible, that a man may become like an Angel, It is possible, that no spot should remain in him of evil, Yes, all things are possible,—but the truth is this-Man up to this day remains the same 'ally of Batan'.

٠.

#### سلاطس كا عشق

ھرچئد درا ہے عشدق کا سب کے مآل پر حق میسی ہے شاہدوں کے حصوماً دد فال سلطان ہے اگر طل الہسی، تو عشدق کے طالب الہسی کے لگنے رقاب روال

#### THE LOVE AFFAIRS OF RINGS

Though the issue of all men's lovemaking is evil, Where kings are concerned, it is especially disastrous, If a king is rightly named 'God's shadow', then Love Is the 'hour of abridgement' for that 'shadow of God'

## LXXIX

To an angelic nature Man MAY at length attain— Divested of all evil—all spotless, free from stain— Such things MAY be, but sadly we cannot but confess: 'Mankind was ever evil, and evil doth remain.'

## LXXX

From each man's lustful passions some evil must ensue
But when a Sultán lusteth this is more surely true—
He who is named 'God's Shadow' must, sinning, realise
That as his stature lessens God's Shadow lessens too.

A1

## وقت كي مساعدت

اے وقت ساز کا ہے سب کے جازا پر تحصہ سے مائونے کا بیسی ہے بازا هرحائے گسر ایک تسر همسازا ساقیسی بیسے عمر بیسی بھر حائے زمانہ سسازا

THE COLLABORATION OF TIME

O Time I there is a cure for the ill will of all things, But no power of resistance in quartelling with thee. Should thou alone prove thyself to be on my side, Thenceforward, I care not if the whole world turn from me

,

ترہائے میں موت کے لئے تمار رہما چاہئے کی طاعب نفس میں نہت عصر نسسر انجام کی رکھی نہ خوانی منسی خدے۔ کدفیت شب آئیا چاہے، ان حیائی مجلس کرو برجاسی، اہموا وقب سجے۔

IN OLD AGE ONE SHOULD KEEP ONESELF PREPARED FOR DEATH

In the service of self we have allowed years to pass, And during our youth kept no count of the end We've had our full measure of the might,—now, Hah! Break up the entertainment! The time has come of dawn

## LXXXI

O Time! Thou art resistless—I can some cure contrive
For other ills—but 'gainst Thee how can I hope to strive?

If Thou wouldst but support me then I should be carefree,
Though all the world turned from me yet I should still survive.

## LXXXII

In Self's own selfish service the years of Youth have passed— Nor recked we of the ending—'though that MUST come at last! The joyous hours of Darkness are ending—O my friends! Cease from vain Merry-making—The Dawn is breaking fast! دوارت میں ثابت قدم رہنا بہت مشکل ہے قر ہے کہ ہترے نہ عاقبہ دل سے دھونا ور دار فرا سوچ سنجیسہ کس عسونا جس طرح کہ سوئے کی کسوئی ہے محسک ہے جوہور انسان کی کسسوئی سونا

In Wealth it is very difficult to refer a firm footing Dread is, lest despair of your own heart should befall you; Take heed to yourself a little, ere you grow rich.\(^1\) For like as the touchsione is a sure test of gold, So gold is the test of what is stering in a man.

٨۴

حن سے زیادہ غصہ قابل مغو شے غصہ به کسی کہ غمہ آتا ہے وعیسی جبتسک کہ رہے وہ عقسل و دائش کے قربی آئے سے جس اپنے ہوگیسا تبو باغسر پہر کس سے ہوں آزردہ، کہ تو توہی نہیں

ANGER BEYOND BOUNDS HAS CLAIMS TO FORGIVENESS

My anger is provoked by another's anger only
So long as he keeps within the bounds of common sense.
When you have yourself become outside of yourself,
With whom should I be vexed? You are no longer,
With whom should I be vexed? You are no longer,

1 Lat, '(It is good) to become rich (only) after having reflected and understood (yourself) a lattle'

### LXXXIII

As wealth is e'er a danger—before thou art possessed

Of wealth, reflect—remember—'to know thyself' is best—

As Gold's test is the touchstone—so whether man may be

Sterling or Base the touchstone of Gold will be the test.

# LXXXIV

My friends, when out of reason you let your anger burn,
I strive to curb my anger nor blaze up in return—
With whom should I be angry?—For you are not yourselves—
Are not my erstwhile comrades—my friends for whom I yearn!

سفها کي مدح و لم کرتے هيـــ سيهـــ کو مدمت تيـــری کر شکــر که ثابت هوئی عصمت تيـــري پـر، مدح کــرين وه کــر (بصيت اعــدا) رکهـــه ياد که اچهي بهي حالت تيـــري

THE PRAISE AND BLAME OF THE IGNORANT
When mean people are abusing all you do,
Give thanks to God, for then your innocence is proved
But if, by any bad luck, they sing your praises,
Take heed, that your state is the reverse of what is good

موفی ہیوی لا علاج ہے اب صعف کے بنجہ سے تعلما معلسوم بنسری کا حوالی سے تعلما کہسوئی ہے وہ جیسر حس کا پانا ہے متعال آنا ہے وہ وہب حس کا ٹلاسا معلسوم

۸4

The disease of old age is incurable
Escape from the grip of weakness now is—you know
Exchanging an old age for youth is—you know
We have lost that thing, which to find is impossible,
That hour approaches, which to shun' is—you know

1 Lit, 'of which the being shunned'

## LXXXV

If mean folk should abuse thee—thank God and be content— Abuse from such-like people is e'er a compliment— But if ill-chance attend thee so that they sing thy praise, Take heed—praise from such people is but disparagement.

## LXXXVI

You know how far from weakness we can escape contrive—
You know how far our old age we can to Youth revive—
You know what we are missing—that which we may not find—
You know that hour approaches and how far we can strive!

#### اسراف

مسرف نہ بس اپنے حق میں کانڈے بوئیسس تعمیات نہ حدا کی رایکاں یوں کہوگیسس گر بنقل پہ لوگ آئے ہسیسس، بہتسر ہے آس سے کہ تصوابسیوں پہ آن کی روگیسس

#### INORDINATE EXPENDITURE

Would the open handed not, simply, sow thorns for themselves, They must not equander recklessly the wealth God has given Suppose people should laugh at their meanness,—that is better Than that any should weep over their extravagances

۸۸

#### رد سوال

نہ سے ہے کہ مانکت خطاعے نہ موان رنتیا نہیس سائل پہ مگیر قہر وغالب بند تیر ہے ہیںراز بار اے درن ہیں۔ سیائل کے سوال سے تیرا تلیے حیوان

#### Spurning a Petition

True it is, that begging is a fault —not a virtue, But fierce denunciation of a beggar is not seemly, Worse, a thousand times worse, O mean spirited man! Than the cry of any beggar, is thy bitter response

# LXXXVII

If you would shun the evils of spending lavishly
Then guard the wealth God gave you—nor squander recklessly—
Heed not if men deride you—e'en that were better than
That men should dub you 'Spendthrift' for spending heedlessly.

## LXXXVIII

'Though begging be no virtue—yet, howso' true this be,
To vilify the beggar but ill beseemeth Thee—
For worse—far worse, O Miser! than any beggar's cries
Are Thy denunciations born of cupidity.

کھاتا بعیر بھوک کے موا بہس دیتا کہانے تو بہت میسسر آئے ہیں همیں حو دیکھ کے جکھ کے دل سے بھائے ہیں همس پر سب سے لدید تے وہ کھائے اے مہوک حو تو نے کمہی کمھی کہائے شس همیں

FOOD WITHOUT HUNGER GIVES NO DELIGHT

Many a dainty dish has been served to me unsought, Which, when I saw and tasted it, has pleased me from my heart But sweeter by far than all, were those meals, O Hunger! Which thou hast, from time to time, caused me to enjoy

وه علم و عمل کا سومایه مال و دوارت سے نہتو ہے علم و عمل کا سومایه مال و دوارت سے نہتو ہے جہورد کہیں حال مردات کا دیات ہو کہ مال مردات ہو کہ مال سومسایه کرد وہ حصے حس کو دہ کنبی اددیشک ووت ہو کہ هو حوت روال

LEARNING AND CONDUCT ARE A BETTER CAPITAL THAN

Dismiss your ideals of wealth and grandeur betimes, For grandeur and wealth althe are mere 'guests of a day' But heap up a store of that, to which may never come Any prospect of perishing, nor danger of decay

## LXXXIX

Of dishes rare and dainty full many have I seen
Before me set, and savouring full satisfied have been—
But sweeter far—O Hunger! was that far simpler fare
To which your vivid presence added enjoyment keen.

## XC

All dreams of wealth and grandeur cast you, betimes, away
For, know you, wealth and grandeur are 'Guests but of a day'—
Then garner you those treasures that will for aye endure,
Unvexed by time, or fortune, or danger of decay.

اچھوں کو ٹرا سننے میں بھی مڑۃ اتا ہے رکبتے نہیں وہ مدح و ثنا کی بروا حو کر کے بہا، خلق سے سننے ھیس برا ان کالیسوں کا ہے جس کو چسکا حالی آتا ہیں آن کو کجے۔ دعاؤں میسی مرا

Good People derive pleasure even from heading themselves abused Men cease to feel the want of praise and commendation, Who do good,—and hear all that is bad from the public In those, who get a zest for these revilings, Háh! No sense of enjoyment is aroused by benedictions

۹۲ شکویهٔ مدے کلام راقم حوش خم بالانا جسامی میں ہوا پاسر رلولہ پیسدا دل حسالی میں ہوا تسلیم کے دی کتیبہ اس طرح داد سخی مجکو نہی شک اپنی کے کبالی میں ہوا

GRATITUDE FOR FRIENDLY CRITICISM OF THE AUTHOR
Ferment of a wine cask in an empty flagon—
Once more in the heart of Háh tumult has arisen
Such kind appreciation of my verse from Taslim!—
I, yes even I, begin to doubt my own incompetence

## XCI

'Though men whose deeds are upright can never feel the need Of praise and commendation—yet there be some who heed Public abuse—revilings—and get much zest therefrom—For them laudations—Háli!—are wasted breath indeed.

## XCII

Stirs in this empty flagon the ferment of new wine—
Stirs in the heart of Háli new ecstacy divine—
Yea—Your kind praise, O Taslím! has made me—even me—
Hope that there may be virtue in some poor verse of mine.

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احدان ہے منت احسان کے شے کر علمہ کی خواهش تم کو تر اس سے یہ بہتر شے که احسان دہ کرر کرتے ہو کر احسان تو کردر آسے عام اتعا که حیلی میں کرئی صدوں دہ ہو

BENEVOLENCE FREE FROM OBLIGATION

If for any favour you desire some reward,
'Twill be your better plan not to grant that favour.
When you do a kindness, make it common to all,
So common, that no one in the world need be obliged

قانون بن اخلاقي سے ماتع بہن هوئے قانسون هیسی بیشتسر یقیساً بیسکار حاشا که هو ابیسه بطسم عالم کا مدار حو بیک هیں آن کو بہن حاصب اِنکی اور بد بہیسی بنتسے بیک اِن کے رہار

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LAWS ARE NOT ALWAYS PREVENTIVE OF MORAL DEPRAYITY
No doubt to a great extent laws are mefficient,
"Twere ill, if the order of the world huged on them
For those, who are good, there is no need of them at all,
And by their means the wicked are not made good, far from it

### XCIII

If you for any favour reward anticipate,
Before you grant that favour—think twice,—then hesitate—
Make you your every kindness a common boon to all—
Do favours unto all men but no man obligate.

## XCIV

Laws in themselves are merely a means unto an end,
The 'End' of Social Order—the world does not depend
On Laws alone, for good men do not need their restraint;
Nor do Laws make the wicked their evil ways amend.

مخالفت کا جواب خاموشی سے بہتر نہیں حق برل کے افسال شرے ازبا نہ کہیسی سوری اور آئش کیسی مدانعت سے اور آئش کیسی گرچافتے ہو کہ چپ رہیسی اہل خلاف کرئی تدبیسر بہیس

To Contradiction there is no better reply than Silence Having spoken the truth, do not strive with the perverse, The fire of spite will crackle all the worse under rebuffs You wish your opponents to be silent 2—if so,

You have no resource, but to forgo opposition

#### ر. تیکم

واطلے کہا کہ وقب سب حاتے ہیں ٹل اک وقب سے ایخ مہیں ٹلقی تو احسال کی عوص یہ اک سیٹیھ نے آٹیمر کہ حصور ہے آئیکس کا وقب مبی اسیطسرے اٹل

#### THE INCOME TAX

'All men,' said the preacher, 'are dallying with time, '
One thing which never fails to keep its time is Death '—
Here a banker stood up, and humbly said, 'My lord!
Tax time is just the same,—there's no putting it off'

1 Lit, 'All (appointed) times are being put off (by men)'

## XCV

Having the truth once spoken, strive not with the perverse; An argument once started but goes from bad to worse— If your opponents' silence is what you really seek Then silent be, nor combat their arguments adverse.

## XCVI

'Lo! all men'—said the Preacher—'with Time procrastinate
Yet they should e'er remember that Death is never late.'
Then spake a banker, humbly, 'My Lord, Tax-time's the same,
That we may never alter, delay, nor abrogate.'

انسان اپنے عیب اپنے سے بھی چھپاتا ہے

حیسا بطر آبا ہوں یہ ایسا ہوں میسی

اور حیسا سجہتا ہوں یہ ویسا ہوسیسی

اپ سے بہسی عیب ہوں چپانسا اپ

س محکسو ہی معلور ہے حیسا ہوں میسی

MAN CONCEALS HIS OWN FAULTS EVEN FROM HIMSELF Such as I appear to men—this is not what I am, And such as I think myself—that is not what I am I hido my own failings even from myself, Yes, I know myself only as I—such as I am

9۸ ترھائے مس عاشقی کا دم بھرقا آھیں بیسری میں شیع ہیسرتے بہیں یوں دل دیتے ھیں، پر جی سے کدرتے بہیں یوں نیے یم تو ھسر آک تیسد سے آراد سدا حد حیاتے ھیں اس طرح وہ مرتے ہیں یوں

INFLATING ONESELF WITH THOUGHTS OF LOVE IN OLD AGE Sighs in old age —old man! men do not heave, like this, Men give their hearts but do not throw their lives away, like this You were out of all bondage, as I thought, for ever,

Men, who live, do not pine in lover s fashion, like this

## XCVII

The 'I' of men's appraisal is ne'er the essential 'I',
The 'I' of mine own dreaming I ne'er exemplify.

Cover I up my failings, even from mine own gaze—
None but 'I', unto myself, can I personify.

## **XCVIII**

What? Past thy prime and sighing for love just like a boy!
—(For 'love' grown men may suffer, but ne'er their lives destroy.)—
You—You whose years have set you full free from Passion's toils,
You know old men should never love's dolorous pains enjoy!

واعظوں کی سخت کلامی اک کسر نے پوشے حبو اُصول اسلام واعظ نے درشتہ سے عملیا اُس سے کلام دولا کی حضرور مقتہدا ہریں حس کے ایسے ملت اور ایسے مدھت کے سلام

THE INTOLERANT UTTERANCES OF PREACHERS

When a fireworshipper asked to know the principles of Islam, The preacher addressed him in words full of harshness Then said he, 'The creed which your worship represents— To such a creed, and such a religion, I make my bow.'

نواب وقار الاموا اقبل الدوله نهادر كى شان ميں توبيست نے آس كى چيوردى همسراهى اقبال بـه جس نے بتحيسانى چاهسى حالى ليحسات كـون سارى آن تے هے جنكى ركون ميں خون آمف جاهى

IN HONOUR OF THE NAWAR VIQARUL UMARA IQBALUDDAULA BAHADUR<sup>1</sup>
'Good fortune' abandoned the companionship of him,

Who sought to win a victory over 'Success'. 2
Who is the man, Háh! who could win any prize
From one, in whose veins runs the blood of Asaf Jáh 2

2 After winning a polo match

2 Lit , 'Glory'—a play on the title Iqbal ud Dowlah

### XCIX

When once a Parsi queried the Tenets of Islám
The Preacher answered harshly, and filled him with alarm—
Then he replied, 'O Preacher!—the creed you typify
Attracts me not, and to it I proffer my Salaam!'

C

'Good Fortune' will abandon all those who would attain Victory against 'Success'—their efforts are in vain— Wно could prevail—O Háli!—'gainst one in whom the blood Of Asaf Jáh the Mighty flows, throbs, and lives again? رنامی تدیم یاد اُس کی بہاں رزد مدام اہنا ہے حالی نہ شر حر کتبی رہ حام اپنا ہے کس طرح نہ تنجئے، کہ ہے نام اُس کا کس طرح نہ کیجئے، کہ کام اینا ہے

A QUATRAIN WRITTEN IN EARLY LIFE
His daily remembrance is the task of my life,
This cup, nover empty, be the flask of my life!
How could I forgo the praise of His name?—It is His
How should I refrain—from all I ask of my life?

## CI

The Cup of His Remembrance shall be my daily task;
To fill that Cup My Being the never empty flask—
My life is 'of' and 'from' Him—shall I His praise withhold
When leave to hymn His Glory is all of Life I ask?

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